

PLACE VALUE

Pearson Edexcel - Tuesday 19 May 2020 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

1.

- 9** Write these numbers in order of size.
Start with the smallest number.

$$6.72 \times 10^5 \quad 67.2 \times 10^{-4} \quad 672 \times 10^4 \quad 0.000672$$

(Total for Question 9 is 2 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Thursday 2 November 2017 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

2.

- 8** Write these numbers in order of size.
Start with the smallest number.

$$0.2\dot{4}\dot{6} \quad 0.24\dot{6} \quad 0.\dot{2}4\dot{6} \quad 0.246$$

(Total for Question 8 is 2 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Monday 9 June 2014 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

3.

17 (a) Write down the value of 10^0

.....
(1)

(b) Write down the value of 10^{-2}

.....
(1)

(c) Write these numbers in order of size.
Start with the smallest number.

2.73×10^3 27.3×10^{-3} 273×10^2 0.00273

.....
(2)

.....
(Total for Question 17 is 4 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Tuesday 11 June 2013 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

4.

19 Write these numbers in order of size.
Start with the smallest number.

5^{-1} 0.5 -5 5^0

.....
(Total for Question 19 is 2 marks)

Pearson Edexcel - Tuesday 6 November 2012 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

5.

20 Write the following numbers in order of size.
Start with the smallest number.

$$0.038 \times 10^2 \quad 3800 \times 10^{-4} \quad 380 \quad 0.38 \times 10^{-1}$$

(Total for Question 20 is 2 marks)

OCR GCSE – Thursday 8 November 2018 – Paper 5 (Non-Calculator) Higher Tier

6.

2 By writing each number correct to 1 significant figure, find an estimate for this calculation.

$$\frac{606.3 \times 0.312}{19.93}$$

..... [3]

OCR GCSE – Monday 12 November 2018 – Paper 6 (Calculator) Higher Tier

7.

4 Use the symbols $<$, \leq , $=$, $>$, or \geq to complete this statement.

If $x = 4.7$, **truncated** to 1 decimal place, then 4.7 x 4.8

[2]

8.

3 Asha worked out $\frac{326.8 \times (6.94 - 3.4)}{59.4}$.

She got an answer of 19.5, correct to 3 significant figures.

Write each number correct to 1 significant figure to decide if Asha's answer is reasonable.

.....
..... [3]

OCR GCSE – Sample Papers – Paper 5 (Non - Calculator) Higher Tier

9.

15 (a) Write this list of numbers in order, smallest first.

$$\sqrt{35}, \frac{20}{3}, 2.5^2, 6.83$$

(a) [2]
smallest

(b) Write $(1 + \sqrt{3})^2$ in the form $a + b\sqrt{3}$.

(b) [3]

10.

21 Write these numbers in order of size.

15.6 $3\sqrt{23}$ 2.1^4 $\frac{47}{3}$

Start with the smallest.

[2 marks]

Smallest _____

Largest _____

13.

- 6 To the nearest pound, Jon has £9
To the nearest 50p, Ellie has £6.50

Work out the maximum possible total amount of money.

[3 marks]

Answer £ _____

AQA GCSE – Monday 12 November 2018 – Paper 3 (Calculator) Higher Tier

14.

- 19 The length of a roll of ribbon is 30 metres, correct to the nearest half-metre.
A piece of length 5.8 metres, correct to the nearest 10 centimetres, is cut from the roll.

Work out the maximum possible length of ribbon left on the roll.

[3 marks]

Answer _____ metres

AQA GCSE – Monday 24 May 2018 – Paper 1 (Non - Calculator) Higher Tier

15.

- 4 Circle the number that is closest in value to $\frac{9.8}{0.0195}$

[1 mark]

5 50 500 5000

16.

12 Put these numbers in order from smallest to largest.

8×10^{-4} 4×10^{-2} 6×10^{-4} 0.07

[2 marks]

Smallest _____

Largest _____

AQA GCSE – Tuesday 12 June 2018 – Paper 3 (Calculator) Higher Tier

17.

3 Circle the largest number.

[1 mark]

$3.2\dot{7}$

3.27

3.277

$3.20\dot{7}$

AQA GCSE – Thursday 2 November 2017 – Paper 1 (Non - Calculator) Higher Tier

18.

8 Three **whole** numbers are each rounded to the nearest 10

The sum of the rounded numbers is 70

Work out the **maximum** possible sum for the original three numbers.

[2 marks]

Answer _____

AQA GCSE – Sample Paper 3 (Calculator) Higher Tier

19.

3 Circle the decimal that is closest in value to $\frac{2}{3}$

[1 mark]

0.6

0.66

0.667

0.67